

Searching Healthcare Databases



How to search for references to journal articles using NICE Healthcare Databases Advanced Search

http://hdas.nice.org.uk/

This guide covers the healthcare databases available to NHS staff and students via NICE. An NHS OpenAthens account is required to access the databases.

Step 1 Plan your search

Planning your search will help you to be precise about exactly what it is you need to know and will help to produce a structured search.

The most important principle in planning your search is to break it down into its different elements, search for each individually, then combine them.

If you are searching for a clinical topic, the following framework (**PICO**) may help you to formulate a clinical question that you can use in your search. The example below shows how it can be used for therapeutic interventions.

Example: In general practice, should adults with acute cough be routinely prescribed antibiotics?

Patient or Problem	Intervention	C omparison	O utcome
common cold	antibiotics	vitamin C	reduction in duration
adults			clinical improvements
			lack of side effects

You may also need to think about other important information such as how far back you wish to search and the sort of documents you want (e.g. clinical trials or systematic reviews).

Step 2 Select the most appropriate database for your search

Here is a brief guide to the content of each of the databases:

Medline

Medline is a vast source of medical information, covering all aspects of medicine, including dentistry, veterinary medicine and medical psychology.

CINAHL (Cumulative Index to Nursing and Allied Health Literature)

Nearly all English language nursing journals, as well as journals from 17 allied health disciplines.

AMED (Allied and Complementary Medicine)

This covers alternatives to conventional medicine (acupuncture, Chinese medicine, herbalism, homeopathy, hypnosis, etc), and fields allied to medicine (physiotherapy, rehabilitation, occupational therapy, podiatry, palliative care, speech and language therapy). This is a relatively small database and if you are searching for a specialised topic you may get better results from CINAHL, Medline or PsycInfo.

BNI (British Nursing Index)

This covers popular UK nursing, midwifery, and community healthcare material. This is a relatively small database and for specialised topics, you may get better results in CINAHL.

EMBASE

This covers all aspects of biomedicine, drugs and pharmacology, with a European, rather than an American emphasis. It also covers public, occupational and environmental health, pollution, substance dependence and abuse, forensic medicine, and alternatives to animal testing.

Health Business Elite

Health Business Elite contains full text content from 480 journals, detailing all aspects of health care administration and other non-clinical aspects of health care institution management

HMIC

Health Management Information Consortium. includes planning - financial, building and equipment, public health, health inequalities, partnership working and workforce development.

PsycINFO

Covers psychology and psychological aspects of medicine, psychiatry, nursing, speech and language therapy, pharmacology, physiology, linguistics, anthropology, business and law.

Step 3 Getting started

- 1. Visit http://hdas.nice.org.uk/
- 2. Enter your NHS OpenAthens account details to log in
- 3. Click on the name of the database you with to search first

Databases	Select All		D BNI	
	C EMBASE	Онве	П нміс	Medline
		D PubMed		

It is possible to do a a simple search without logging in, but this will only cover PubMed, and won't give you links to the full-text of articles.

We recommend choosing one database at a time - if you select more than one, you won't have options for applying filters or using thesaurus terms.

Step 4 Performing a search

• Searching using the Thesaurus (recommended)

Note that not all databases offer thesaurus searching, and it isn't possible when searching more than one database at a time.

Break the search into separate concepts

If your search consists of two or more distinct concepts (e.g. is St. John's Wort effective in reducing depression as compared to fluoxetine?) you need to search for each concept separately and combine then together at the end.

Enter a search term

Enter a term e.g. 'st johns wort', and click on thesaurus (remove any punctuation from your search term first).

Search	st johns wort	×	Search	Thesaurus
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You then should see a list of possible thesaurus terms to use. Click the one you want to use.

Search	st johns wort	×	Search	Thesaurus
Thesaurus	Term St. Johns Wort			

Once you've clicked a term, you'll then be able to decide how to search it. The screen shows the thesaurus terms used in the database you're searching for your given search terms along with broader terms and some further tickboxes.



Select Checkbox

Select the most appropriate thesaurus term by clicking in the box to the left-hand side of the term. You can select a broader term as well if you wish.

Explode Checkbox

The thesaurus terms are arranged in hierarchical trees. 'Exploding' a search means that you also search for any narrower terms that appear under your term in its tree. For example, if you do a search for 'Depressive disorder' in Medline, topics such as 'Depression, Postpartum' and 'Seasonal Affective Disorder' are narrower topics, and by ticking 'Explode' for 'Depressive Disorder' all of these topics are covered in your search.

Thesaurus	Select	Explode	Major	Term	Broad	Narrow	Sibling	Related	Used For	Subheadings	Notes
				Mood Disorders						Subheadings	Scope
	V			Depressive Disorder	1	6			7	Subheadings	Scope
				Depression, Postpartum						Subheadings	Scope
				Depressive Disorder, Major						Subheadings	Scope
				Depressive Disorder, Treatment- Resistant						Subheadings	Scope
				Dysthymic						Subheadinge	Scope

From this screen it is possible to further refine your search should you wish by clicking in the checkboxes for more appropriate thesaurus terms.

In most cases, it is worth using 'Explode' for any terms that are relevant.

Major Checkbox

This allows you to restrict your search to those articles where the topic you have chosen is a major topic of the article. This should limit your search to more relevant articles, but may in the process remove some articles of interest, so use carefully.

Subheadings

Depending on the database chosen, these allow you to restrict your search to certain aspects of a single subject such as 'pathology' or 'adverse effects'. The subheadings are taken from a restricted list so none of them may be appropriate. They should be treated with caution - it is better not to use them unless a subheading directly matches your requirements.

Thesaurus	Select	Explode	Major	Term Broad Narrow Sibling Related Used For Subheadings N	lotes
				Mood Disorders Subheadings S	scope
	S			Depressive Disorder 1 6 7 33 S	cope
				bl blood cf cerebrospinal fluid ci chemically induced cl classification	
				co complications dh diet therapy di diagnosis dt drug therapy ec economi	ics
				eh ethnology en enzymology ep epidemiology et etiology ge genetics	
				hi history im immunology me metabolism mi microbiology mo mortality	
				nu nursing pa pathology pc prevention & control pp physiopathology	
				ps parasitology px psychology ra radiography rh rehabilitation	
				ri radionuclide imaging su surgery th therapy ur urine us ultrasonograph	iy
				vi virology	

Continuing your search

Once you have selected all your options, click on 'Search Now' to continue. You will then be taken back to the main search screen.

ext	o *"DEPRESSIVE	DISORDER"/dt,	th,su	⊙ Or O And	Search Now	Search as indivi	dual Querie	×
Current S	trategy: Name this	strategy	Save Strate	egy				
Rerun Se	arches Copy ศ	And O Or	Combine	Delete Selected			Export Optic	ons
	Database(s)	Search Term						
2	Medline	exp *"DEPRESSIVE I	DISORDER"	/dt,th,su	View Resu	ults (74,722)	Edit	Û

Combining searches

To carry on with the search and add a second concept, type in a second word or phrase and do a second search.

When you have two or more searches, they can be combined together

For example, to find articles about both depressive disorders and fluoxetine, select the two searches, and click on 'Combine'. By default, searches are combined with 'And', but you can use 'Or' instead.

Current S	Current Strategy: Name this strategy Save Strategy								
Rerun Se	earches 🔪 Copy 🏞	⊘ And O Or Combine Delete Selected		Export Options					
🗹 All	Database(s)	Search Term							
S 3	Medline	exp *"DEPRESSIVE DISORDER"/	Viewing (69,797)	Edit 💼					
¥ 4	Medline	exp *FLUOXETINE/	View Results (5,074)	Edit 💼					

You should end up with something like:

Current	Strategy: Name this s	trategy Save	Strategy			
Rerun Se	earches Copy 🏞	And O Or Comb	Delete Selected		Export Opt	ions
	Database(s)	Search Term				
П 3	Medline	exp *"DEPRESSIVE DISC	DRDER"/	View Results (69,797)	Edit	Û
4	Medline	exp *FLUOXETINE/		View Results (5,074)	Edit	Û
D 5	Medline	(3 and 4)		Viewing (1,201)		Û

Results will appear below the Current Strategy box.

Searches that contain any limits cannot be combined

• Searching using free-text terms (not recommended unless a suitable thesaurus term is not available)

Free-text searching bypasses the thesaurus terms and allows you to search for word or phrases that appear in the title or abstract of the item. It is not as accurate as using thesaurus mapping, but may be useful if a suitable thesaurus term is unavailable.

Type a word or phrase in the search box (phrase can be placed in double-quotes if necessary). Click 'Search'.

Search	"nintendo wii" ×	Search	Thesaurus
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The search will be carried out, and the number of results displayed in the Current Strategy.

Current Stra	ategy: Name this s	trategy Sa	we Strategy	
Rerun Searc	ches Copy 🏞	⊘ And O Or Co	ombine Delete Selected	Export Options
	Database(s)	Search Term	1	
6	Medline	"nintendo wi	i" View Results (276)	Edit 🏛

To see the results if they're not already displayed, click on 'View Results'.

Free-text searches can be combined with other searches as with thesaurus searching.

Current St	rategy: Name this str	Save Strategy		
Rerun Sea	rches Copy 🔿	And O Or Combine Delete Sele	ected	Export Options
	Database(s)	Search Term		
6	Medline	"nintendo wii"	View Results (276)	Edit 💼
07	Medline	exp *"ACCIDENTAL FALLS"/	Viewing (10,296)	Edit 💼
8	Medline	(6 and 7)	View Results (10)	ŵ

Truncation

When using free-text searching, you can use the truncation symbol (*) to broaden your search to variations of a term. For example, 'depress*' will find depressed, depression, depressive etc.

Step 5 Using the search limits

You may wish to limit your search in various ways, such as to documents in English only, or only documents that relate to children only.

You can apply limits before you search by ticking the 'Limits' box on the search screen and then selecting from the limits available (these will differ according to which database(s) you're using).

For example, in Medline under Age Group, you can select one of more age groups to cover in your search.



If you've already carried out a search and want to use limits, click the 'Edit' link on the results list and then click 'Edit Limits'

Current Strategy: Name this strategy	Save Strategy		
Rerun Searches Copy 🏞 🞯 And O Or	Combine Delete Selected		Export Options
All Database(s)		Search Term	
AMED BNI CINAHL EMBAS DPubMed	SE 🛛 HBE 🗋 HMIC 🗹 Medline 🗋 PsycINFO	exp *FLUOXETINE/	Update Candel Edit Limits

Choose the limits to apply, and click 'Update' on the search screen.

Search	exp *FLUOXETIN	IE/		×	Update	hesaurus
① Databases	Select All					
		Онв	Е Онм	IC	Medline	
		D Pub	oMed			
			Hover over a database for m	ore information		
6 Fields	ti Title ab A	Abstract au A	uthor is ISSN jn J	ournal Name		✓ More Fields
C Limits	Article Type ►	Dates Gend	ler ► Age Group ► Lan	guage - Other	•	Reset Limits
	Language					
	C Afrikaans	O Albanian	Aleut Arabic	C Armenian	C Azerbaijan	i
	D Basque	Belarusian	🛛 Bemba (Zambia)	Bengali	Bosnian 🛛 E	Bulgarian
	Catalan	Cherokee	Chinese Croati	an 🛛 Czech	D Danish	D Dutch
	English	C Esperanto	Estonian Filipin	o 🛛 Finnish	C French	Galician

Step 6 Displaying the results

Normally, the results of the last search will be displayed below the Current Strategy box. If not, click on 'View Results'

Current Strategy: Name this strategy		rategy	Save Strategy			
Rerun Search	nes 👘 Copy 🏞	⊘ And O Or C	Combine Delete Selected			
	Database(s)	Search Ter	m			
01	Medline	exp *FLUO	XETINE/	Viewing (5,074)		
02	Medline	exp *"DEPR	ESSIVE DISORDER"/	View Results (69,797)		

Initially, a brief title entry will be displayed for each reference, with links to the abstract and/or full-text (if available). 25 references per page are displayed.

To show all available abstracts, click the 'Show Abstracts' link at the top of the list.

To change the sort order, click the dropdown box at the top of the list.

Show Abstracts Titles Only	Expand Full-Text	View: 10 25 50 100 Sort:	Unsorted	•
			Unsorted	
			Publication Date	

Showing only article where full-text is available

The 'Expand Full-Text' button minimises any references where full-text is not available, making it easier to see those where it is available.

Viewing Full-text Articles

To view a full-text document (where available), click on the link to full text from the titles display. The link will take you to the site that carries the full-text (e.g. EBSCO, BMJ Journals). You may need to login again (make sure you click on 'login with Athens if appropriate), or click on the relevant article, depending on the site. Note that some items may be very short if they are letters or comments.

```
    4. Screening for perinatal depression: a missed opportunity.
Source Lancet (London, England); Feb 2016; vol. 387 (no. 10018); p. 505
    Publication Date Feb 2016
    DOI 10.1016/S0140-6736(16)00265-8
    ISSN 1474-547X
    Database Medline
    Available in full text from ProQuest
    Available in full text from Elsevier
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The options for printing, saving or emailing full-text articles differ according to which site holds the electronic journal.

Step 7 Printing, saving or e-mailing results

If you wish to select references for printing or saving, click in the checkbox to the left of that reference.

At the end of each page, remember to click 'Save Selected' or 'Add to Saved' (if you move to the next page of results without saving your selected references, the selections will be lost).

Your selected references will be added to a new set ('Saved Results') that is displayed under the Current Strategy.

Current St	rategy: Name this stra	Save Strategy		
Rerun Sea	rches Copy 🖻	And O Or Combine Delete Selected		Export Options
	Database(s)	Search Term		
	Saved Results		Viewing (2)	â
Ο1	Medline	exp *FLUOXETINE/	View Results (5,074)	Edit 🛍
2	Medline	exp *"DEPRESSIVE DISORDER"/	View Results (69,797)	Edit 🛍

You can use the 'Export Options' to save or print your selected references.

Curren	It Strategy: Nar	ne this strategy Save Strategy	
Rerun	Searches	opy And O Or Combine Delete Selected	Cancel Export
All Sear	ches Report: 👌 F	DF 🗟 Word	Type: O Short O Medium O Full Records: 50
	Database(s)	Search Term	
	Saved Results		ট PDF 🗟 Word 😒 Excel 🖹 RIS
01	Medline	exp *FLUOXETINE/ [Document type Randomized Controlled Trial]	🖹 PDF 🗟 Word 📝 Excel 🗎 RIS 906

Click the preferred filetype to save the references to a file. Note that Excel and RIS exports do not include any links to full-text.

There is currently no option to directly email selected references to yourself.

Step 8 Saving Searches

You can save search strategies by giving your search a name in the 'name this strategy' box.

Current Strategy: Name this strategy		Save Strate	egy						
Rerun Sear	ches	Сору 🏞	⊘ And		Combine	Delete Selected	l	Export Op	tions
	Databa	se(s)	Sear	ch Term					
D 1	Medline exp *FLUOXE		TINE/	Viewing (5,075)		Edit	Û		

To re-run a previously saved search strategy, click the 'My Strategies' link at the top of the page.

NICE	Healthcare Databases Advanced Search
New Strategy	My Strategies Saved Results

Step 9 Changing Database and Re-running Searches

To change database, simply click the database name on the search screen (and untick the current one).

Search	Select databases and sear		Search	Thesaurus	
Databases	Select All	AMED	D BNI		
	EMBASE	HBE	П НМІС	Medline	
		D PubMed			

To re-run a search you've already carried out in another database, click 'Edit' next to the search you wish to run and select a new database.

01	Medline	exp *FLUOXETINE/ [Document type Randomized Controlled Trial] [Document type Randomized Controlled Trial]	Viewing (906)	Edit	1
				\sim	-

If you change databases and have used the thesaurus mapping facility in your original search, it is better to start your search again from scratch in the second database. This is because each database uses slightly different thesaurus terms so if you re-run your exact search, you may not find any results, or miss useful material.

If the new database does not recognise the search (e.g. if the limits applied do not work in the new database) you may get a syntax error.

Getting further help and training

We're here to help you make effective use of the knowledge base of healthcare, and to do this we provide help and assistance in using databases for literature searching.

We can provide individual training and support by phone or email, in the library, or at your place of work. Visit us on our website library.sath.nhs.uk for more information.